
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: 001-40973

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

87-1471855

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1111 Lincoln Road, Suite 802

Miami Beach, FL

(Address of principal executive offices)

33139

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(786) 709-9690**

400 Alton Road, Unit TH-103M

Miami Beach, FL 33139

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year,
if Changed Since Last Report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	AIRS	The Nasdaq Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 11, 2022, there were 56,172,447 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We have made statements in the sections titled “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” and in other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as “may,” “might,” “will,” “should,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential” or “continue,” the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed in the section titled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Our future results could be affected by a variety of other factors, including, but not limited to, failure to open and operate new centers in a timely and cost-effective manner; shortages or quality control issues with third-party manufacturers or suppliers; competition for surgeons; litigation or medical malpractice claims; inability to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information; changes in the laws governing the corporate practice of medicine or fee-splitting; changes in the regulatory, macroeconomic conditions, including inflation and the threat of recession, economic and other conditions of the states and jurisdictions where our facilities are located; and business disruption or other losses from war, pandemic, terrorist acts or political unrest.

The risk factors discussed in “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

There also may be other risks that are currently unknown to us or that we are unable to predict at this time.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made, and we are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item. 1 Financial Statements

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(\$000s)	September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,600	\$ 25,347
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,137	4,093
Total current assets	9,737	29,440
Property and equipment, net	22,295	13,627
Other long-term assets	3,297	1,742
Right of use operating lease assets	24,570	18,159
Intangible assets, net	52,287	55,852
Goodwill	81,734	81,734
Total assets	<u>\$ 193,920</u>	<u>\$ 200,554</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,090	\$ 2,670
Accrued payroll and benefits	1,743	2,509
Current portion of long-term debt	850	850
Deferred revenue and patient deposits	2,221	2,810
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,299	4,103
Current right of use operating lease liabilities	4,349	3,473
Total current liabilities	13,552	16,415
Long-term debt, net	81,602	81,755
Deferred tax liability	4,351	4,351
Long-term right of use operating lease liabilities	20,409	14,505
Other long-term liabilities	1,535	—
Total liabilities	121,449	117,026
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 10)		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; shares authorized - 450,000,000; shares issued and outstanding - 55,640,154	56	56
Additional paid-in capital	80,231	83,865
Accumulated other comprehensive income	64	—
Accumulated deficit	(7,880)	(393)
Total stockholders' equity	72,471	83,528
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 193,920</u>	<u>\$ 200,554</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(\$000s)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue	\$ 38,892	\$ 34,651	\$ 128,090	\$ 95,759
Operating expenses:				
Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below)	14,888	11,410	47,042	31,462
Selling, general and administrative	23,397	11,980	73,574	30,926
Loss on debt modification	—	—	—	682
Depreciation and amortization	1,994	1,641	5,842	4,664
(Gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets	(12)	—	215	—
Total operating expenses	40,267	25,031	126,673	67,734
(Loss)/income from operations	(1,375)	9,620	1,417	28,025
Interest expense, net	1,770	1,566	4,821	3,323
Pre-tax net (loss)/income	(3,145)	8,054	(3,404)	24,702
Income tax expense	4,232	—	4,083	—
Net (loss)/income	\$ (7,377)	\$ 8,054	\$ (7,487)	\$ 24,702
Loss per share of common stock				
Basic	\$ (0.13)	N/A	\$ (0.13)	N/A
Diluted	\$ (0.13)	N/A	\$ (0.13)	N/A
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	55,640,154	N/A	55,640,154	N/A
Diluted	55,640,154	N/A	55,640,154	N/A

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (Unaudited)

(\$000s)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net (loss)/income	\$ (7,377)	\$ 8,054	\$ (7,487)	\$ 24,702
Other comprehensive income:				
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	64	—	64	—
Total other comprehensive income	64	—	64	—
Comprehensive (loss)/income	<u>(7,313)</u>	<u>8,054</u>	<u>(7,423)</u>	<u>24,702</u>

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Member's/Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(\$000s)	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Total
		Shares	Amount				
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 123,676	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 123,676
Distributions	(3,658)	—	—	—	—	—	(3,658)
Equity-based compensation	86	—	—	—	—	—	86
Net income	6,621	—	—	—	—	—	6,621
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 126,725	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 126,725
Distributions	(60,120)	—	—	—	—	—	(60,120)
Equity-based compensation	86	—	—	—	—	—	86
Net income	10,027	—	—	—	—	—	10,027
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 76,718	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 76,718
Distributions	(2,844)	—	—	—	—	—	(2,844)
Equity-based compensation	86	—	—	—	—	—	86
Net income	8,054	—	—	—	—	—	8,054
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 82,014	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 82,014

(\$000s)	Member's Equity	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Total
		Shares	Amount				
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ —	55,640,154	\$ 56	\$ 83,865	\$ —	\$ (393)	\$ 83,528
Distributions	—	—	—	(282)	—	—	(282)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	7,316	—	—	7,316
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(693)	(693)
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$ —	55,640,154	\$ 56	\$ 90,899	\$ —	\$ (1,086)	\$ 89,869
Distributions	—	—	—	(294)	—	—	(294)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	7,275	—	—	7,275
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	583	583
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ —	55,640,154	\$ 56	\$ 97,880	\$ —	\$ (503)	\$ 97,433
Distributions	—	—	—	(156)	—	—	(156)
Dividends	—	—	—	(24,863)	—	—	(24,863)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	7,370	—	—	7,370
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(7,377)	(7,377)
Other	—	—	—	—	64	—	64
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ —	55,640,154	\$ 56	\$ 80,231	\$ 64	\$ (7,880)	\$ 72,471

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(\$000s)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss)/ income	\$ (7,487)	\$ 24,702
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,842	4,664
Equity-based compensation	21,961	258
Non-cash interest expense; amortization of debt costs	706	399
Loss on debt modification	—	682
Loss on disposal of long-lived assets	215	—
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Prepaid expense and other current assets	2,079	(604)
Other assets	(8,165)	(1,585)
Accounts payable	(287)	291
Deferred revenue and patient deposits	(589)	1,100
Accrued and other liabilities	3,532	2,432
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,807	32,339
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(10,726)	(4,726)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,726)	(4,726)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payment on term loan	(637)	(626)
Borrowings on term loan, net	—	49,994
Distribution to member	(1,159)	(66,622)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(22,812)	—
Payment of deferred loan costs	(220)	—
Net cash used in financing activities	(24,828)	(17,254)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(17,747)	10,359
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of period	25,347	10,379
End of period	\$ 7,600	\$ 20,738
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 4,116	\$ 2,722
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 4,368	\$ —
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing information:		
Property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 695	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF KEY ACCOUNTING POLICIES

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (“AirSculpt” or the “Company”), was formed as a Delaware corporation on June 30, 2021. On October 28, 2021, AirSculpt completed an initial public offering (“IPO”) of 8,050,000 shares of common stock at an initial public offering price of \$11.00 per share. Immediately following the IPO, AirSculpt’s total outstanding shares were 55,640,154. Pursuant to a reorganization (the “Reorganization”) among entities under common control immediately prior to the IPO, AirSculpt became a holding company with its principal asset being 100% of the ownership interests in EBS Intermediate Parent LLC. The Company’s revenues are concentrated in the specialty, minimally invasive liposuction market. The operations of the Company prior to the IPO represent the predecessor to AirSculpt. The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to collectively in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (“10-Q Report”) as “we,” “our,” and “us.” Solely for convenience, some of the copyrights, trade names and trademarks referred to in this 10-Q Report are listed without their ©, ® and ™ symbols, but we will assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights to our copyrights, trade names and trademarks.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, is a provider of practice management services to professional associations (“PAs”) located throughout the United States. The Company owns and operates non-clinical assets and provides its management services to the PAs through management services agreements (“MSAs”). Management services provide for the administration of the non-clinical aspects of the medical operations and include, but are not limited to, financial, administrative, technical, marketing, and personnel services. Pursuant to the MSA, the PA is responsible for all clinical aspects of the medical operations of the practice.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and the PAs, which are under the control of the Company and are considered variable interest entities in which the Company is the primary beneficiary.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company has a variable interest in the managed PAs where it has a long-term and unilateral controlling financial interest over such PAs’ assets and operations. The Company has the ability to direct the activities that most significantly affect the PAs’ economic performance via the MSAs and related agreements. The Company is a practice management service organization and does not engage in the practice of medicine. These services are provided by licensed professionals at each of the PAs. Certain key features of the MSAs and related agreements enable the Company to assign the member interests of certain of the PAs to another member designated by the Company (i.e., “nominee shareholder”) for a nominal value in certain circumstances at the Company’s sole discretion. The MSA does not allow the Company to be involved in, or provide guidance on, the clinical operations of the PAs. The Company consolidates the PAs into the financial statements. All of the Company’s revenue is earned from services provided by the PAs. The only assets and liabilities held by the PAs included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are clinical related. The clinical assets and liabilities are not material to the Company as a whole.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2022, the condensed consolidated statements of operations and member’s/stockholders’ equity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are unaudited. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual consolidated financial statements and reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments of a normal and recurring nature that are necessary for the fair statement of the Company’s financial position as of September 30, 2022 and the results of operations and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. The financial data and the other financial information disclosed in these notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements related to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are also unaudited. The

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consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2022 or for any other future annual or interim period.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021 is derived from the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, which should be read in conjunction with these condensed consolidated financial statements and which are included in the Company's Annual Report dated March 11, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, as well as interests in PAs controlled by the Company through rights granted to the Company by contract to manage and control the affiliate's business (as described in "Variable Interest Entities" above). All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue consists primarily of revenue earned for the provision of the Company's patented AirSculpt® procedures. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account for revenue recognition. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. The Company's performance obligations are delivery of specialty, minimally invasive liposuction services.

The Company assists patients, as needed, by providing third-party financing options to pay for procedures. The Company has arrangements with various financing companies to facilitate this option. There is a financing transaction fee based on a set percentage of the amount financed and the Company recognizes revenue based on the expected transaction price which is reduced for financing fees.

Revenue for services is recognized when the service is performed. Payment is typically rendered in advance of the service. Customer contracts generally do not include more than one performance obligation.

The Company's policy is to require payment for services in advance. Payments received for services that have yet to be performed as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are included in deferred revenue and patient deposits.

Deferred Financing Costs, Net

Loan costs and discounts are capitalized in the period in which they are incurred and amortized on the straight-line basis over the term of the respective financing agreement which approximates the effective interest method. These costs are included as a reduction of long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Total amortization of deferred financing costs was approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Amortization of loan costs and discounts is included as a component of interest expense.

Long-Lived Assets

The Company accounts for impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 350, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other*. This standard requires that long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future estimated cash flows expected to arise as a direct result of the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. No impairment charges were recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Fair Value

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and expands disclosure requirements about fair value measurements.

ASC Topic 820 defines three categories for the classification and measurement of assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or observable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The fair value of financial instruments is generally estimated through the use of public market prices, quotes from financial institutions and other available information. Judgment is required in interpreting data to develop estimates of market value and, accordingly, amounts are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange.

Short-term financial instruments, including cash, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, and other liabilities, consist primarily of instruments without extended maturities, for which the fair value, based on management's estimates, approximates their carrying values. Borrowings bear interest at what is estimated to be current market rates of interest, accordingly, carrying value approximates fair value.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/(loss) attributable to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the same period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/(loss) attributable to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock adjusted to give effect to potentially dilutive securities. Where the inclusion of potentially dilutive shares would be antidilutive, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share.

Prior to the IPO, the EBS Intermediate Parent, LLC structure included only LLC common units. As a result, the Company does not believe earnings per share to be a meaningful presentation in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed in the period when the costs are incurred and are included as a component of selling, general and administrative costs. Advertising expenses were approximately \$5.4 million and \$4.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$15.4 million and \$9.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income Taxes

Prior to the Reorganization, the Company was organized as a limited liability company and had elected to be treated as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Accordingly, the tax consequences of the Company's profits and losses were passed through to the members of the Company and were reported in their respective income tax returns. Therefore, historically no provision for income taxes has been provided in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods prior to the Reorganization.

As a result of the Reorganization, the Company became subject to taxation as a C corporation for periods after October 28, 2021.

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertain Tax Positions* ("ASC 740-10"). Under these provisions, companies must determine and assess all material positions existing as of the reporting date, including all significant uncertain positions, for all tax years that are open to assessment or challenge under tax statutes. Additionally,

those positions that have only timing consequences are analyzed and separated based on ASC 740-10's recognition and measurement model.

ASC 740-10 provides guidance related to uncertain tax positions for pass-through entities and tax-exempt not-for profit entities. ASC 740-10 also modifies disclosure requirements related to uncertain tax positions for nonpublic entities and provides that all entities are subject to ASC 740-10 even if the only tax position in question is the entity's status as a pass-through.

As required by the uncertain tax position guidance, the Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. The Company applied the uncertain tax position guidance to all tax positions for which the statute of limitations remained open and determined that there are no uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021. The Company is not subject to U.S. federal tax examination prior to 2021, when it was formed.

The Company has effective tax rates of approximately (134.6)% and (119.9)% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and —% and —% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, inclusive of all applicable U.S. federal and state income taxes. Prior to the Reorganization, the Company was not subject to federal taxation.

NOTE 2 – GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES, NET

The annual review of goodwill impairment will be performed in October 2022. There were no triggering events during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

The Company had goodwill of \$81.7 million at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Intangible assets consisted of the following at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in 000's):

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Useful Life
Technology and know-how	\$ 53,600	\$ 53,600	15 years
Trademarks and tradenames	17,700	17,700	15 years
	71,300	71,300	
Accumulated amortization of technology and know-how	(14,293)	(11,613)	
Accumulated amortization of tradenames and trademarks	(4,720)	(3,835)	
Total intangible assets	\$ 52,287	\$ 55,852	

Aggregate amortization expense on intangible assets was approximately \$1.2 million for both of the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$3.6 million for both of the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 property and equipment consists of the following: (in 000's):

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Medical equipment	\$ 7,229	\$ 3,753
Office and computer equipment	271	207
Furniture and fixtures	2,615	1,976
Leasehold improvements	13,492	7,726
Construction in progress	3,832	2,873
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(5,144)	(2,908)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 22,295</u>	<u>\$ 13,627</u>

Depreciation expense was approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$2.3 million and \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 4 – DEBT

In October 2018, the Company entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a lender. Under the terms of the Credit Agreement, we obtained a \$34.0 million term loan. In May 2021, the Company amended the Credit Agreement by adding an incremental \$52.0 million senior secured term loan, resulting in an \$83.6 million term loan in aggregate. The proceeds from this loan plus excess cash on the balance sheet were used to pay a distribution to EBS Parent, LLC (the "Parent") of approximately \$59.7 million and the related fees for this transaction. Beginning on June 30, 2021, the quarterly principal payments increased from \$100,000 to \$212,500.

On August 11, 2022 the Company amended the Credit Agreement to provide for (i) the payment of cash dividends in an amount not to exceed \$23.0 million on or prior to September 30, 2022 and (ii) the payment of cash dividends in an amount not to exceed \$2.0 million with respect to securities that are not vested at the time such cash dividend is paid. In doing so, the Company incurred an amendment fee of \$0.2 million. There were no other changes in the terms of the Credit Agreement during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Total borrowings as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were as follows (in 000's):

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Term loan	\$ 83,625	\$ 84,262
Unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs	(1,173)	(1,657)
Total debt, net	82,452	82,605
Less: Current portion	(850)	(850)
Long-term debt, net	<u>\$ 81,602</u>	<u>\$ 81,755</u>

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$5.0 million available on the revolving credit facility.

The scheduled future maturities of long-term debt as of September 30, 2022 is as follows (in 000's):

2022	\$ 212
2023	83,413
Total maturities	<u>\$ 83,625</u>

All borrowings under the Credit Agreement are cross collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company and are subject to certain restrictive covenants including quarterly total leverage ratio, fixed charge ratio requirements and a limit

on capital expenditures. The Company is in compliance with all covenants and has no letter of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 – LEASES

The Company’s operating leases are primarily for real estate, including medical office suites and corporate offices. For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred rent expense of \$1.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, for its medical office suites. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred rent expense of \$3.4 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, related to its medical office suites. The Company’s rent expense related to its medical office suites is classified in cost of services within the Company’s condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company incurred rent expense of \$91,000 and \$22,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$254,000 and \$66,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to the corporate offices which is classified in selling, general and administrative expenses. The Company currently does not have any finance leases.

Real estate lease agreements typically have initial terms of five to ten years and may include one or more options to renew. The useful life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term, unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise. The Company’s lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees, restrictions or covenants.

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in 000’s):

	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash outflows from operating leases	\$ 3,797	\$ 2,366
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:		
Operating leases	\$ 10,404	\$ 3,651

Future minimum rental payments under all non-cancellable operating lease agreements for the succeeding five years are as follows, excluding common area maintenance charges that may be required by the agreements (in 000’s):

Year ended December 31,	
2022 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2022)	\$ 1,200
2023	4,979
2024	5,352
2025	5,457
2026	5,057
Thereafter	9,602
Total lease payments	31,647
Less: imputed interest	(6,889)
Total lease obligations	\$ 24,758

NOTE 6 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

Subsequent to the IPO and Reorganization, AirSculpt established the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company granted 285,423 restricted stock units to executive officers and employees and 73,708 restricted stock units to directors. These RSUs are not considered outstanding until vested. Certain restricted stock units are subject to time-based vesting conditions while other restricted stock units are subject to performance-based vesting conditions. Of the total restricted stock units granted 103,936 had market-based performance vesting conditions. The market vesting criteria is based on the Company’s actual performance and/or market condition results as compared to the targets. In addition to the achievement of the performance conditions, these PSUs are generally subject to the

continuing service of the employee over the ratable vesting period from the earned date continuing through the settlement of the shares. For these PSUs, the shares settle in the first quarter of the year following the year in which the vesting criteria is met. The time-based vesting units fair values were determined based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading date immediately prior to the grant date. The fair values of restricted stock units with a market-based vesting condition were estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model.

The Company recorded equity-based compensation expense of \$7.4 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$22.0 million and \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in selling, general and administrative expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Forfeitures are recognized as incurred.

On August 10, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a \$0.41 per share special cash dividend. The dividend was paid on September 14, 2022, to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 26, 2022. Cash dividends paid totaled \$22.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. The Company's unvested stock units participate in dividends and as such, the Company accrued \$2.1 million in dividends payable, of which \$0.5 million is current.

The Company recognized distributions to the Parent of approximately \$0.2 million and \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and approximately \$1.2 million and \$66.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 7 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/loss attributable to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the same period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/loss attributable to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock adjusted to give effect to potentially dilutive securities. Where the inclusion of potentially dilutive shares would be antidilutive, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share.

Prior to the IPO, the EBS Intermediate Parent, LLC structure included only LLC common units issued and outstanding to pre-IPO LLC members. The Company analyzed the calculation of earnings per unit for periods prior to the IPO and determined that it resulted in values that would not be meaningful to the users of these consolidated financial statements. Therefore, earnings per share information has not been presented for periods prior to the IPO on October 28, 2021.

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the calculation of basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock is as follows (in 000's except for shares and per share figures):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$ (7,377)	N/A	\$ (7,487)	N/A
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic	55,640,154	N/A	55,640,154	N/A
Add: Effect of dilutive securities	—	N/A	—	N/A
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - diluted	55,640,154	N/A	55,640,154	N/A
Loss per share of common stock outstanding - basic and diluted	\$ (0.13)	N/A	\$ (0.13)	N/A

The following number of potentially dilutive shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because the effect of including such potentially dilutive shares would have been antidilutive.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Restricted stock units	2,565,267	N/A	2,565,267	N/A
Performance and market-based stock units	2,435,917	N/A	2,435,917	N/A

NOTE 8 – INCOME TAXES

As a result of the Reorganization, the Company became subject to taxation as a C corporation for periods after October 28, 2021. The Company's income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$4.2 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, and the effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was (134.6)% and (119.9)%, respectively. The main driver of the difference between the effective and statutory rate is non-deductible executive compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. There are no uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into a professional services agreements, effective October 2, 2018, with Vesey Street Capital Partners, LLC, JCBI II, LLC, and Dr. Aaron Rollins (collectively the “Advisors”), where the Advisors provided certain managerial and advisory services to the Company. Each of the Advisors had an ownership interest in the Parent. Under the professional services agreements, the Company agreed to pay the Advisors an aggregate annual fee (also referred to as the sponsor management fee) of the greater of \$500,000 or 2% of consolidated earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, payable in advance quarterly installments, and the fee was allocated between the Advisors based on the outstanding Parent Class A Units held. Under the agreements, the Company also reimbursed the Advisors for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred related to providing their services. In conjunction with the IPO and Reorganization, the professional services agreements with the Advisors were terminated. During the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred sponsor management fees of approximately \$— and \$417,000, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred sponsor management fees of approximately \$— and \$667,000, respectively.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIESProfessional Liability

In the ordinary course of business, the Company becomes involved in pending and threatened legal actions and proceedings, most of which involve claims of medical malpractice related to medical services provided by the PAs employed and affiliated physicians. The Company may also become subject to other lawsuits which could involve large claims and significant costs. The Company believes, based upon a review of pending actions and proceedings, that the outcome of such legal actions and proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. The outcome of such actions and proceedings, however, cannot be predicted with certainty and an unfavorable resolution of one or more of them could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Although the Company currently maintains liability insurance coverage intended to cover professional liability and certain other claims, the Company cannot assure that its insurance coverage will be adequate to cover liabilities arising out of claims asserted against it in the future where the outcomes of such claims are unfavorable. Liabilities in excess of the Company's insurance coverage, including coverage for professional liability and certain other claims, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

NOTE 11 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has one reportable segment: direct medical procedure services. This segment is made up of facilities and medical staff that provide the Company's patented AirSculpt® procedures to patients. Segment information is presented in the same manner that the Company's chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) reviews the operating results in assessing performance and allocating resources. The Company's CODM is the Company's chief executive and chief operating officers. This committee reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of making operating decisions, assessing financial performance and allocating resources. The Company's CODM reviews revenue, gross profit

and Adjusted EBITDA. Gross profit is defined as revenues less cost of service incurred and Adjusted EBITDA as net income/loss excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, loss on debt modification, sponsor management fee, pre-opening de novo and relocation costs, restructuring and related severance costs, IPO related costs, loss on disposal of long-lived assets, and equity-based compensation.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 7, 2022, the Company entered into a new credit agreement with a syndicate of lenders (the "new Credit Agreement") maturing November 7, 2027. Pursuant to the new Credit Agreement, there is (i) an \$85.0 million aggregate principal amount of term loans and (ii) a revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$5.0 million. The proceeds were used, in part, to pay off the Borrower's \$83.6 million outstanding principal balance under its existing credit facility.

Under the new Credit Agreement, all outstanding loans bear interest based on either a base rate or SOFR plus an applicable per annum margin of 2.0% (base rate) or 3.0% (SOFR) if the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 2.0x. If the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 1.0x and less than 2.0x, the interest rate is based on either a base rate or SOFR plus an applicable per annum margin of 1.5% (base rate) or 2.5% (SOFR). If the Company's total leverage ratio is below 1.0x, the interest rate is based on either a base rate or SOFR plus an applicable per annum margin of 1.0% (base rate) or 2.0% (SOFR).

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with our financial statements and related notes and other financial information appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 11, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risk, uncertainties and assumptions. See the section entitled “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including those discussed in “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the “Company,” “Elite Body Sculpture,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and the Professional Associations.

Overview

AirSculpt is an experienced, fast-growing national provider of body contouring procedures delivering a premium consumer experience under its brand, Elite Body Sculpture. At Elite Body Sculpture, we provide custom body contouring using our proprietary AirSculpt® method that removes unwanted fat in a minimally invasive procedure, producing dramatic results. We opened a new center in Las Vegas, NV in March 2022, in Boston, MA in July 2022, and in Philadelphia, PA in November 2022. We deliver our AirSculpt® procedures through a growing nationwide footprint of 21 centers across 17 states as of November 14, 2022.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, we performed 2,879 and 9,726 cases, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, we generated approximately \$38.9 million and \$128.1 million of revenue, respectively, compared to \$34.7 million and \$95.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. This represents approximately 12% growth for the three months ended September 30, 2022 over the same period in prior year and approximately 34% growth for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 over the same period in prior year.

Key Operational and Business Metrics

In addition to the measures presented in our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use the following key operational and business metrics to evaluate our business, measure our performance, develop financial forecasts and make strategic decisions:

Cases Performed and Revenue per Case

Our case volumes in the table below, which are used for calculating revenue per case, represent one patient visit; notwithstanding that, a patient may have multiple areas treated during one visit. We believe this provides the best approach for assessing our revenue performance and trends. Our cases per procedure room is lower in the current period due to the recent addition of four de novo centers and expansions of existing centers which increased our procedure rooms by 16 over the prior year. We believe this decline to be temporary as the new procedure rooms ramp up. The expansion of procedure rooms will provide an ample platform for the Company's continued future growth.

Total Case and Revenue Metrics

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cases	2,879	2,743	9,726	8,165
Case growth	5.0 %	N/A	19.1 %	N/A
Revenue per case	\$ 13,509	\$ 12,632	\$ 13,170	\$ 11,728
Revenue per case growth	6.9 %	N/A	12.3 %	N/A
Number of facilities	20	16	20	16
Number of total procedure rooms	43	27	43	27

Same-Center Information

For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we define same-center case and revenue growth as the growth in each of our cases and revenue at facilities that have been owned and operated since July 1, 2021. We define same-center facilities and procedure rooms based on if a facility has been owned or operated since July 1, 2021.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, we define same-center case and revenue growth as the growth in each of our cases and revenue at facilities that have been owned and operated since January 1, 2021. We define same-center facilities and procedure rooms as facilities and procedure rooms that have been owned or operated since January 1, 2021.

Same-Center Case and Revenue Metrics

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cases	2,535	2,743	7,983	7,863
Case growth	(7.6)%	N/A	1.5 %	N/A
Revenue per case	\$ 13,381	\$ 12,632	\$ 13,132	\$ 11,697
Revenue per case growth	5.9 %	N/A	12.3 %	N/A
Number of facilities	16	16	14	14
Number of total procedure rooms	34	27	28	23

Non-GAAP Financial Measures—Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

We report our financial results in accordance with GAAP, however, management believes the evaluation of our ongoing operating results may be enhanced by a presentation of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin, which are non-GAAP financial measures.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income/(loss) excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, income tax expense/(benefit), sponsor management fee, pre-opening de novo and relocation costs, restructuring and related severance costs, IPO related costs, (gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets, and equity-based compensation. We include Adjusted EBITDA because it is an important measure on which our management assesses and believes investors should assess our operating performance. We consider Adjusted EBITDA to be an important measure because it helps illustrate underlying trends in our business and our historical operating performance on a more consistent basis. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool including: (i) Adjusted EBITDA does not include results from equity-based compensation and (ii) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense on our debt or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments.

We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. We included Adjusted EBITDA Margin because it is an important measure on which our management assesses and believes investors should assess our operating performance. We consider Adjusted EBITDA Margin to be an important measure because it helps illustrate underlying trends in our business and our historical operating performance on a more consistent basis.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net (loss)/income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net (loss)/income	\$ (7,377)	\$ 8,054	\$ (7,487)	\$ 24,702
<i>Plus</i>				
Sponsor management fee	—	417	—	667
Equity-based compensation	7,370	86	21,961	258
Loss on debt modification	—	—	—	682
IPO related costs	—	—	731	—
Pre-opening de novo and relocation costs	1,089	307	3,185	1,289
Restructuring and related severance costs	108	45	838	314
Depreciation and amortization	1,994	1,641	5,842	4,664
(Gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets	(12)	—	215	—
Interest expense, net	1,770	1,566	4,821	3,323
Income tax expense	4,232	—	4,083	—
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 9,174	\$ 12,116	\$ 34,189	\$ 35,899
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	23.6 %	35.0 %	26.7 %	37.5 %

Impact of COVID-19

Through the first nine months of 2022, we experienced only minor impact at our centers, primarily due to staffing challenges brought on by COVID-19. We continue to monitor the current COVID-19 situation in each market we perform procedures and will react accordingly.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021

The following table and notes summarize certain results from the statements of operations for each of the periods indicated and the changes between periods. The table also show the percentage relationship to revenue for the periods indicated:

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2022		2021	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue
Revenue	\$ 38,892	100.0 %	\$ 34,651	100.0 %
Operating expenses:				
Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below)	14,888	38.3 %	11,410	32.9 %
Selling, general and administrative	23,397	60.2 %	11,980	34.6 %
Loss on debt modification	—	— %	—	— %
Depreciation and amortization	1,994	5.1 %	1,641	4.7 %
(Gain) on disposal of long-lived assets	(12)	— %	—	— %
Total operating expenses	40,267	103.5 %	25,031	72.2 %
Income from operations	(1,375)	(3.5)%	9,620	27.8 %
Interest expense, net	1,770	4.6 %	1,566	4.5 %
Pre-tax net (loss)/income	(3,145)	(8.1)%	8,054	23.2 %
Income tax expense	4,232	10.9 %	—	— %
Net (loss)/income	\$ (7,377)	(19.0)%	\$ 8,054	23.2 %

Overview—Our financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2021 reflect the addition of four de novo centers and expansions of existing centers which increased our procedure rooms by 16.

Revenue—Our revenue increased \$4.2 million, or 12.2%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase is the result of adding four de novo centers which expanded our footprint from 16 centers to 20 centers and our number of procedure rooms from 27 to 43 as of September 30, 2022. We have also experienced strong revenue per case growth over the prior year of 6.9%. This increase is primarily due to patients having more areas treated at one visit as compared to prior periods and we attribute this to our brand awareness focus and more specifically to AirSculpt TV, which allows prospective patients to see live procedures being performed.

Same store revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2022, declined by 2.1%. This was driven by a more pronounced seasonality during the quarter as several doctors at some of our larger centers took extended vacations which deferred cases into future periods.

Cost of Service—Our cost of services increased \$3.5 million, or 30.5%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2021. This increase is attributable to opening four centers since the 2021 period. Cost of service was 38.3% and 32.9% as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This increase is primarily due to adding four de novo centers over the prior period. Cost of service as a percent of revenue is higher for a de novo center in the first year until the center reaches maturity, which can take up to two years. Cost of services was also impacted by clinical additions to our nursing teams. These investments will further enhance quality and safety for our patients and better prepare us for future growth in both existing centers and the new centers we are developing.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses—Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$11.4 million, or 95.3%, for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. This increase is primarily related to the addition of public company costs of approximately \$1.8 million and an increase in equity-based compensation of \$7.2 million. This increase is also related to additional expenses we incurred for marketing and corporate support as we grow our center count through de novo expansion and providing support for our centers. We expect these

costs to continue to increase as we open new de novo centers and expand the support we provide to our centers. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue was at 60.2% and 34.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Selling expenses consist of advertising costs for social, digital and traditional marketing and sales and marketing personnel. Total selling expenses were approximately \$7.6 million and \$6.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our customer acquisition costs were approximately \$2,650 and \$2,200 per customer in the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. We intend to continue investing in our sales and marketing capabilities as we add new centers and further increase our brand awareness, which will also drive further same-center growth. As a result, we expect these costs to increase on an absolute dollar basis. Additionally, selling expenses as a percentage of revenue may fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on the timing and scope of our initiatives and the related impact to our revenue.

General and administrative expenses include employee-related expenses, including salaries and related costs (excluding physician and clinical cost included in cost of service), equity-based compensation, technology, operations, finance, legal, corporate office rent and human resources. General and administrative expense were approximately \$15.8 million and \$6.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As previously mentioned, equity-based compensation, increasing our corporate overhead, and public company costs were the three main drivers for this increase. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase over time in absolute dollars due to the additional legal, accounting, insurance, investor relations and other costs that we incur as a public company. We also expect to expand our corporate team to support the opening of new centers and growth at existing facilities.

Depreciation and Amortization—Depreciation and amortization increased to approximately \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to \$1.6 million for the same period in 2021. This increase is the result of having four additional de novo centers during the three months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the 2021 period.

Loss on disposal of long-lived assets—We recognized a \$12,000 gain related to the disposal of previous leasehold improvements as a result of relocation to expand certain centers.

Interest Expense, net—Interest expense increased to \$1.8 million from \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The increase is due to rising interest rates in the current quarter.

Income Tax Expense—As a result of the Reorganization, the Company became subject to taxation as a C corporation for periods after October 28, 2021. Our effective tax rate is (134.6)% for the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021

The following table and notes summarize certain results from the statements of operations for each of the periods indicated and the changes between periods. The table also show the percentage relationship to revenue for the periods indicated:

(\$ in thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2022		2021	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue
Revenue	\$ 128,090	100.0 %	\$ 95,759	100.0 %
Operating expenses:				
Cost of service	47,042	36.7 %	31,462	32.9 %
Selling, general and administrative	73,574	57.4 %	30,926	32.3 %
Loss on debt modification	—	— %	682	0.7 %
Depreciation and amortization	5,842	4.6 %	4,664	4.9 %
Loss on disposal of long-lived assets	215	0.2 %	—	— %
Total operating expenses	126,673	98.9 %	67,734	70.7 %
Income from operations	1,417	1.1 %	28,025	29.3 %
Interest expense, net	4,821	3.8 %	3,323	3.5 %
Pre-tax net (loss)/income	(3,404)	(2.7)%	24,702	25.8 %
Income tax expense	4,083	3.2 %	—	— %
Net (loss)/income	\$ (7,487)	(5.8)%	\$ 24,702	25.8 %

Overview— Our financial results for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2021 reflect the addition of four de novo centers and expansions of existing centers which increased our procedure rooms by 16.

Revenue—Our revenue increased \$32.3 million, or 33.8%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase is the result of adding 4 de novo centers which expanded our footprint from 16 centers to 20 centers and our number of procedure rooms from 27 to 43 as of September 30, 2022. We have also experienced strong revenue per case growth over the prior year of 12.3%. This increase is primarily due to patients having more areas treated at one visit as compared to prior periods and we attribute this to our brand awareness focus and more specifically to AirSculpt TV, which allows prospective patients to see live procedures being performed.

Revenue also increased due to our same-center case volume, which increased to 7,983 cases from 7,863 cases for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. This increase at our existing centers relates to continued expansion of our social media and marketing capabilities to drive further brand awareness and increase consumer acceptance for our procedures.

Cost of Service—Our cost of service increased \$15.6 million, or 49.5%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2021. This increase is primarily attributable to opening four de novo centers since the 2021 period and an increase in our same center volumes and revenue. Cost of service was 36.7% and 32.9% as a percentage of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This increase is primarily due to adding four de novo centers over the prior period. Cost of service as a percent of revenue is higher for a de novo center in the first year until the center reaches maturity, which can take up to two years. Cost of services was also impacted by clinical additions to our nursing teams. These investments will further enhance quality and safety for our patients and better prepare us for future growth in both existing centers and the new centers we are developing.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses—Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$42.6 million, or 137.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. This increase is primarily related to the addition of public company costs of approximately \$6.0 million and an increase in equity-based compensation of \$21.7 million. This increase is also related to additional expenses we incurred for marketing and corporate support as we grow our center count through de novo expansion and providing support for our centers. We expect these costs to continue to increase as we continue to open de novo centers and expand the support we provide to our centers.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue were 57.4% and 32.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Selling expenses consist of advertising spend for social, digital and traditional marketing and sales and marketing personnel. Total selling expenses were approximately \$22.4 million and \$13.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our customer acquisition costs were approximately \$2,300 and \$1,650 per customer in the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. We intend to continue investing in our sales and marketing capabilities as we add new centers and further increase our brand awareness, which will also drive further same-center growth. As a result, we expect these costs to increase on an absolute dollar basis. Additionally, selling expenses as a percentage of revenue may fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on the timing and scope of our initiatives and the related impact to our revenue.

General and administrative expenses include employee-related expenses, including salaries and related costs (excluding physician and clinical cost included in cost of service), unit-based compensation, technology, operations, finance, legal, corporate office rent and human resources. General and administrative expense were approximately \$51.2 million and \$17.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As previously mentioned, equity-based compensation and public company costs were the two main drivers for this increase. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase over time in absolute dollars due to the additional legal, accounting, insurance, investor relations and other costs that we incur as a public company. We also expect to expand our corporate team to support the opening of new centers and growth at existing facilities.

Loss on debt modification—We recognized a \$682,000 loss related to amending our existing credit agreement in May 2021, adding an incremental \$52.0 million of senior secured term loans.

Depreciation and Amortization—Depreciation and amortization increased to approximately \$5.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to \$4.7 million for the same period in 2021. This increase is the result of having four additional de novo centers during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the 2021 period.

Loss on disposal of long-lived assets—We recognized a \$0.2 million loss related to the disposal of previous leasehold improvements as a result of relocation to expand certain centers.

Interest Expense, net—Interest expense increased to \$4.8 million from \$3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The increase is the result of adding an incremental \$52.0 million of senior secured term loans in May 2021.

Income Tax Expense— As a result of the Reorganization, the Company became subject to taxation as a C corporation for periods after October 28, 2021. Our effective tax rate is (120)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We principally rely on cash flows from operations as our primary source of liquidity and, if needed, up to \$5.0 million in revolving loans under our revolving credit facility. Our primary cash needs are for payroll, marketing and advertisements, rent, capital expenditures associated with de novo locations and new procedure room additions, as well as information technology and infrastructure, including our corporate office. We believe that the cash expected to be generated from operations and the availability of borrowings under the revolving credit facility will be sufficient for our working capital requirements, liquidity obligations, anticipated capital expenditures relating to the opening of de novo centers, adding new procedure rooms to our existing locations, and payments due under our existing credit facilities for at least the next 12 months.

As of September 30, 2022, we had \$7.6 million in cash and cash equivalents and an available amount of \$5.0 million under our revolving credit facility. We do not have any letters of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the net cash provided by (used for) operating activities, investing activities and financing activities for the periods indicated:

(\$ in thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2022	2021
Cash Flows Provided By (Used For):		
Operating activities	\$ 17,807	\$ 32,339
Investing activities	(10,726)	(4,726)
Financing activities	(24,828)	(17,254)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(17,747)	10,359

Operating Activities

The primary source of our operating cash flow is the collection of patient payments received prior to performing surgical procedures. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, our operating cash flow decreased by \$14.5 million compared to the same period in 2021. This decrease is primarily driven by \$6.0 million of public company costs in the nine months ended September 30, 2022 which did not exist in the prior year period. Further, we have increased spending on our clinical infrastructure and brand awareness to support future growth. At September 30, 2022, we had working capital of \$(3.8) million compared to \$13.0 million at December 31, 2021.

As a result of the increasing risk of a recession as well as other macroeconomic and geopolitical headwinds, we may experience reduced cash flow from operations if we experience decreased revenues.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$10.7 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. The increase in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2021 was attributable to capital expenditures for de novo center activities, construction related to adding procedure rooms to existing facilities, and investments in improving our medical equipment and technology.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$24.8 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we made distributions to our former member of \$1.2 million, paid cash dividends to shareholders of \$22.8 million, and made scheduled principal payments on our debt of \$0.6 million.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 was \$17.3 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we made distributions to EBS Parent, LLC of \$66.6 million, had borrowings under our credit agreement of \$50.0 million and paid scheduled principal payments on our debt of \$0.6 million.

Long-term Debt

The carrying value of our total indebtedness was \$82.5 million and \$82.6 million, which includes unamortized deferred financing costs and issuance discount of \$1.2 million and \$1.7 million, as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Term Loan and Revolving Credit Agreement

In October 2018, we entered into our credit agreement with First Eagle Alternative Capital (formerly known as THL Corporate Finance). Under the terms of the credit agreement, we obtained a \$34.0 million term loan and a \$5.0 million revolving credit facility. Principal payments on the term loan commenced in January 2019 and are paid quarterly in the amount of \$100,000 through the maturity date on October 2, 2023 when all remaining unpaid principal shall be due. The term loan is presented as long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs.

In May 2021, we amended the credit agreement by adding an incremental \$52.0 million senior secured term loan to the existing term loan. The proceeds from this incremental loan plus excess cash on our balance sheet were used to pay a distribution to our member of approximately \$59.7 million and the related fees for this transaction. Beginning on June 30, 2021, our quarterly principal payments increased from \$100,000 to \$212,500.

Under the credit agreement, we are obligated to make interest payments on the last day of each month. All outstanding loans bear interest based on either a base rate or LIBOR (in all cases, the LIBOR component has a floor of 1%) plus an applicable per annum margin of 4.5% (base rate) or 5.5% (LIBOR) if our total leverage ratio, as defined in the credit agreement, is equal to or greater than 2.5x and less than 4.25x. If our total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 4.25x, the interest is based on either a base rate or LIBOR plus an applicable per annum margin of 5.0% (base rate) or 6.0% (LIBOR). If our total leverage ratio is below 2.5x, the interest is based on either a base rate or LIBOR plus an applicable per annum margin of 4.0% (base rate) or 5.0% (LIBOR). At September 30, 2022, the applicable per annum margins under the credit agreement were 4.0% (base rate) and 5.0% (LIBOR). Additionally, we are required to pay an unused credit facility fee equal to 0.5% per annum on the unused amount of the revolving line of credit.

If our total leverage ratio exceeds 4.25x for the preceding twelve-month period the principal payment on the term loan is \$250,000 per quarter or, beginning on September 30, 2021, \$531,250 per quarter. Also, additional principal prepayments could be required if excess cash flow exists, as defined in the credit agreement.

All borrowings under the credit facility are collateralized by substantially all our assets. We are subject to certain restrictive financial covenants including quarterly total leverage ratio and fixed charge ratio requirements and a limit on capital expenditures. We are in compliance with all covenants and have no letters of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

On October 25, 2021, we amended certain provisions in our credit agreement related to the IPO transaction. The amendment revises certain definitions and covenant requirements but does not change the timing or amount of principal payments or interest due under the agreement. Additionally, on August 11, 2022 the Company amended the Credit Agreement to provide for the payment of cash dividends, including certain securities that are not vested at the time such cash dividend is paid. In doing so, we incurred an amendment fee of \$0.2 million. As of September 30, 2022, we were in compliance with all revised covenant requirements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

JOBS Act Accounting Election

We are an “emerging growth company,” as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act. Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected not to avail ourselves of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards and, therefore, will be subject to the same new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies.

Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, if, as an “emerging growth company,” we choose to rely on such exemptions we may not be required to, among other things, (i) provide an auditor’s attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404, (ii) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, (iii) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the PCAOB regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor’s report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (auditor discussion and analysis), and (iv) disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the CEO’s compensation to median employee compensation. These exemptions will apply for a period of five years following the completion of our initial public offering or until we are no longer an “emerging growth company,” whichever is earlier.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

A summary of significant accounting policies is disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 11, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to Section 13 or 15d of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 under the caption “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” in the Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section. There have been no material changes in the nature of our critical accounting policies and estimates or the application of those policies since March 11, 2022.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of exposure due to potential changes in inflation or interest rates. We do not hold financial instruments for trading purposes.

Our primary market risk exposure is changing interest rates. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive due to many factors, including United States monetary and tax policies, United States and international economic factors and other factors beyond our control. Our Credit Agreement bears interest at a floating rate equal to either LIBOR plus 5.5% or a base rate plus 4.5% if the Company’s total leverage is equal to or greater than 2.5x and less than 4.25x as defined in our Credit Agreement. As of September 30, 2022, we had term loan borrowings of \$83.6 million in principal amount under the Loan Agreement. Based on the amount outstanding, a 100 basis point increase or decrease in market interest rates over a twelve-month period would result in a change to interest expense of approximately \$0.8 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management’s Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the “Exchange Act”) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this 10-Q Report, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e). Based upon this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of September 30, 2022.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2022.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well-designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, with the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of controls. For these reasons, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

During the ordinary course of business, we have become and may in the future become subject to pending and threatened legal actions and proceedings, including with respect to the quality of our services. All of the current legal actions and proceedings that we are a party to are of an ordinary or routine nature incidental to our operations, the resolution of which should not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. These claims, to the extent they exceed our insurance deductibles, are covered by insurance, but there can be no assurance that our insurance coverage will be adequate to cover any such liability.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except to the extent updated below or to the extent additional factual information disclosed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors (including, without limitation, the matters discussed in Part I, “Item 2—Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”), there were no material changes to the risk factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 dated March 11, 2022 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Macroeconomic trends including inflation and rising interest rates may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Macroeconomic trends, including increases in inflation and rising interest rates, may adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. Inflation in the United States has recently accelerated and is currently expected to continue at an elevated level in the near-term. Rising inflation could have an adverse impact on our operating expenses and our credit facilities. There is no guarantee we will be able to mitigate the impact of rising inflation. The Federal Reserve has recently started raising interest rates to combat inflation and restore price stability and it is expected that rates will continue to rise throughout the remainder of 2022. Increases in interest rates on any of our debt will result in higher debt service costs, which will adversely affect our cash flows. We cannot assure you that our access to capital and other sources of funding will not become constrained, which could adversely affect the availability and terms of future borrowings. Such future constraints could increase our borrowing costs, which would make it more difficult or expensive to obtain additional financing or refinance existing obligations and commitments, which could slow or deter future growth.

Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected by disruptions in the global economy resulting from the ongoing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine.

The global economy has been negatively impacted by increasing tension, uncertainty and tragedy resulting from ongoing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine. The adverse and uncertain economic conditions resulting therefrom have and may further negatively impact global demand, cause supply chain disruptions and increase costs for transportation, energy and other raw materials. Furthermore, governments in the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, Canada and others have imposed financial and economic sanctions on certain industry segments and various parties in Russia and Belarus. We are monitoring the conflict including the potential impact of financial and economic sanctions on the global economy. Increased trade barriers, sanctions and other restrictions on global or regional trade could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The length and impact of the ongoing military conflict is highly unpredictable, and resulted in market disruptions, including significant volatility in commodity prices, credit and capital markets, an increase in cyber security incidents as well as supply chain disruptions. Further escalation of geopolitical tensions related to this military conflict and/or its expansion could result in increased volatility and disruption to the global economy and the markets in which we operate adversely impacting our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On October 28, 2021, our Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended (File No. 333-260067) was declared effective in connection with our initial public offering, pursuant to which we sold an aggregate of 8,050,000 shares of our common stock, including the full exercise of the underwriters’ option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$11.00

per share. Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Piper Sandler & Co. and SVB Leerink LLC acted as representatives of the underwriters.

The initial public offering closed on November 2, 2021. The aggregate net proceeds received by the Company from the initial public offering were approximately \$17.7 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions of \$6.2 million, but before deducting offering expenses payable by the Company, which were approximately \$4.2 million. In connection with our initial public offering, no payments were made by us to directors, officers or persons owning ten percent or more of our common stock or to their associates or to our affiliates. There has been no material change in the planned use of proceeds from our initial public offering as described in our prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(4) under the Securities Act with the SEC on October 29, 2021.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
10.1	<u>Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement by and among the Company, EBS Enterprises LLC, the Guarantors party thereto, the Lenders party thereto and First Eagle Alternative Capital Agents, Inc. (formerly known as THL Corporate Finance), as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-40973), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 12, 2022).</u>
31.1*	<u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
31.2*	<u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.1*†	<u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.2*†	<u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

* Filed herewith.

+ Indicates a management contract or any compensatory plan, contract or arrangement.

† The certifications attached as Exhibit 32.1 that accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AIRSCULPT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By:

/s/ Dennis Dean

Dennis Dean

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

Date: November 14, 2022

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Dr. Aaron Rollins, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Dr. Aaron Rollins
Dr. Aaron Rollins
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 14, 2022

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Dennis Dean, certify that:

I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.;

1. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
2. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
3. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (a) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Dennis Dean

Dennis Dean
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 14, 2022

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

By: /s/ Dr. Aaron Rollins

Dr. Aaron Rollins
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 14, 2022

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

By: /s/ Dennis Dean

Dennis Dean

Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 14, 2022